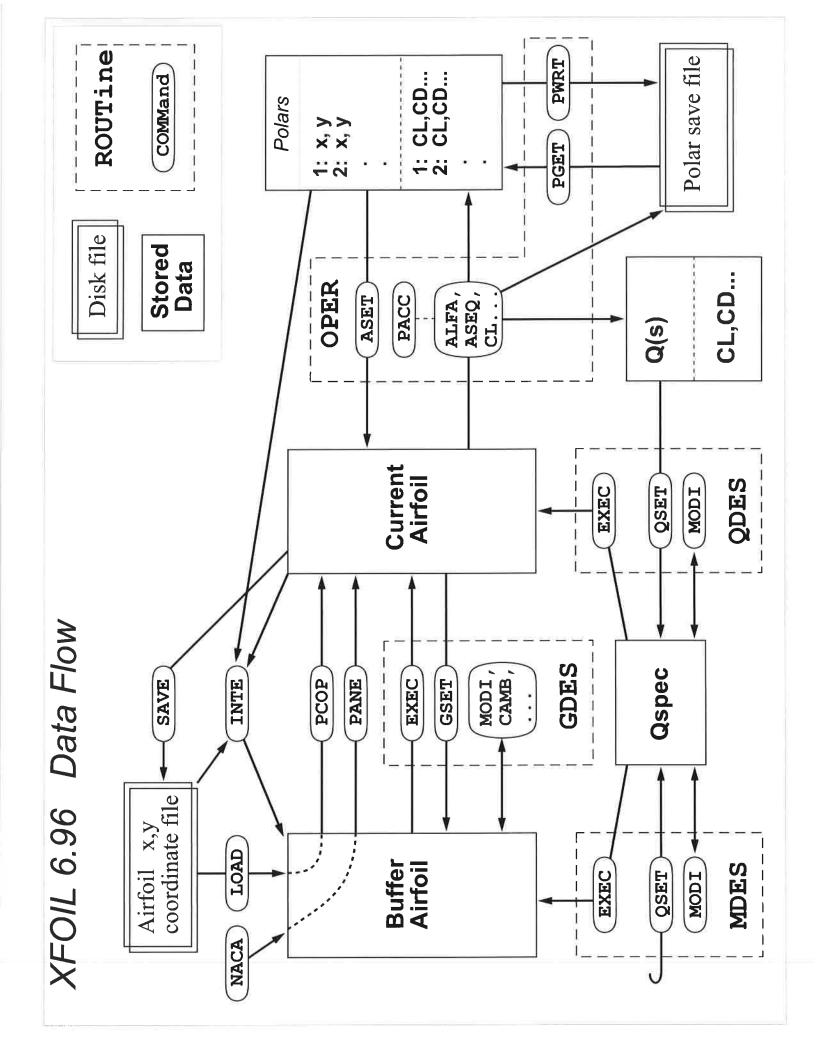
Lesson 12

XFOIL



Xfoil P4. cre

? help from any menu.

load clarcy dat

(show as change paneling)

280 } show # panels

<enter> returns to prev menu (up)

(direct mode ... given shape, find flow properties) Oper

alfa o Zero AOA

> duplays airfoil and pressure plot Notice low resolution LE/TE (Noed to fix)

<enter>

ppar

N 280

experiment with spacins values

Center>

oper

alfa 0

CL = 4163 Cm = -0.0879

Cop = -0.00053

Cp = 1-10

alfa 5

5 counts neg drag

alfa 10

CpV (pressure vector)

> Notice the varietion in Cp mear LE. If for acrosphosis I would investigate this further.

```
Being inviscil (so for), the flow never separates.
```

alfa 20, alfa 50, alfa 90 Ci=6.9134

Missing a fundamental part of aerodynomics, and the destroyer of performer.

VISC , 500 000

alfa 0 (needs extra iteration)"!"

Aurleil propertie,

dashed lines inviscit

CL = 0.3760 (vs 0.4163 invu)

Plateau + dip (bene of low Re flows)

CD = 0.00652 (65 counts)

vs

-5 counts)

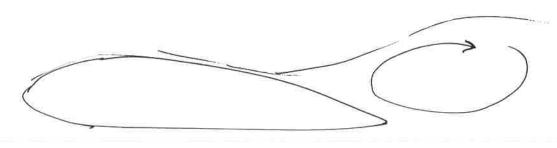
laminar & Thub?

alfa 5 (notice needed more iterations)
iter current is 10
500

alfa 5 look at command wadow (shows iteration)

transition in 1/2 = 0.3739 (exactly when LSB appears!)

alfa 10 -> alfa 15 see TE separation



Sequence. (so you don't need to manually run succep)

aseg

O start ADA

16 stop ADA

=> (Lmax 2 1:42 27 00 2140

Store polar + visualize

pacc turns on the accumulator (starts storing date)

Send to file in not

Cypolar.txt Cypolar.dat

asep

o

plot in excel.

pplo

polar, CL, Cm, transitin pt.

a

options to store, delete, etc.

1 increment

Output to vector based Postscript file .eps on .ps

hard

apos postsors

open platips in ghostscript as vector image program.

Aside: Why use vector graphics rather than raster graphics?



Zoom into each



4

What about negative angles of attack?

alfa -15 fails to converge.

alfa O fails to converge (but won't, it worked before!)

Updates / iterative, so can get stuck in the terrible space.

fix this with initialization of 13L init
alfa O converges.

Let's find when XFOIL fails -

aseg 0 -10 -0.5 => fails around -90

alfa -8.5 watch BL on lower surface.

alfa -9.0 "Com as a decressor.

At Re = 500 %, the Clarky 15 effective (not stalled) between -9 and 15th

NACA 4 digit and 5 digit airfoils are built in.

naca 4415

oper

alfa o

re 200000

alfa O

re 100 000

alfa 0

Show Bounday layers

62

Z click on corner

Unzaam

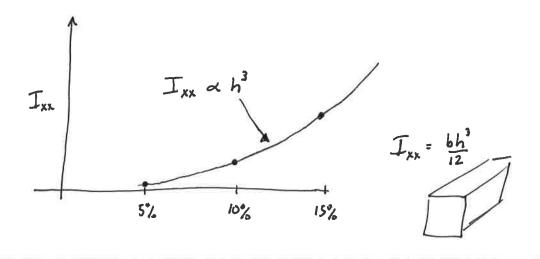
Step through alfa

12° rev flow

Material Properties

naca 0012

bend => centroid, moments of mertia / thickness, skin, polar moment of mertic



Remember the NACA 0070? Crac was/s negative (cf. lesson 7A) 6
short from sacrach
naca 0070

ppoor , N 280

oper

Visc 600000 (to match exp data)

alfa 0 ,! $C_{c} \approx 0$ Co 708 counts $C_{bountand} \approx 700$ counts

alfa 5 ,! $C_{c} = -6.17$ Cb = 731 counts

alfa 10 ,!!! $C_{c} = -0.36$ Co = 804 counts

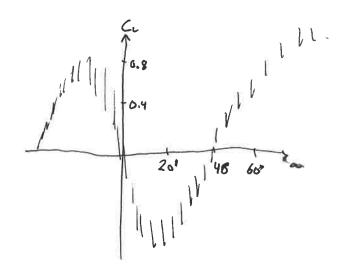
iter 1000

alfa 15 $C_{c} = -1.1$ Co = 1403 counts $C_{bountand} \approx 3200$ counts

For fully separated flows, XFOIL is not so good (model brakes down)

Yet, the trend is correct and Clear

Sign (Ga) = -



Inverse Problems

Giren a velocity, calculate a shape. (ndes, gdes)

naca 0012, oper, alfa 0

gdes shows %

-0.5 -

Say we want to reduce the velocity on the underside. (between 20% and 80%)

mark click 20% 80%

modi form line at the from points

d done

X, 100 execute

oper alfa o

1aca 0012

ndes

Similar

mark

modi

Geometry design
nace ooiz
gdes
flap 0.7 999 1.0 30
X
oper, alfo

More max thickness, camber
high 0.6 0.4
x
open, also

Leading odge radius