AEM 368: Practice Ex	am 2 Name:		
25 Mar 2017	60 minutes	6 Pages	Open book, Open notes, Calculator
100 total points	0 total points Read, think, plan, and then write.		
Exam #2 covers chap	ters 1-2 in the Nelson	FSAC book and the	e lecture notes from Lesson 14-20.

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- 1. What is static stability? How is this contrasted with balance and trim? Is static stability sufficient for dynamic stability? (No, recall that we have not yet "connected" the pitch-yaw-roll axes together in time.)
- 2. What two conditions are necessary for a statically stable aircraft in the pitch axis?
- 3. What formal aircraft terminology is given to the condition when $C_m = 0$
- 4. When can an aircraft have multiple trim points?
- 5. Define the following term

 $C_{m_{cg_w}}$

6. What assumptions were used to derive the wing contribution to pitching moment equation?

$$C_{m_{cg_w}} = C_{m_{ac_w}} + C_{L_w} \left(\frac{x_{cg}}{\overline{c}} - \frac{x_{ac}}{\overline{c}} \right)$$

- 7. Why is $C_{m_{e}}$ critical to static stability? Sign?
- 8. How does moving the CG forward change $C_{m_{e}}$ and $C_{m_{e}}$?
- 9. What CG and airfoil geometry properties are necessary for a flying wing?
- 10. What CG and airfoil geometry properties are necessary for conventional aircraft (wing + aft tail)?
- 11. How does an aft tail affect pitch stability? Compute.
- 12. How does downwash affect the stability properties of an aft tail? Canard?
- 13. Calculate the downwash derivative $d\epsilon/d\alpha$ for a particular configuration. Lesson15-slide8.
- 14. In which ways can a tail provide pitch trim?
- 15. What is the NP? Compute the NP for a given aircraft.
- 16. Given data of Cm versus alpha for various elevator angles, compute the NP, control power and trim angle.
- 17. For a C172 with an aft tail in the propeller wake, how does static stability depend on thrust?
- 18. Contrast pitch stability for a given geometry with forward and after mounted propellers.
- 19. What is the static margin? For an aircraft of $\overline{c} = 5$ feet, the CG is located 2 feet ahead of the NP, what is the static margin. Is this an acceptable value (i.e. Will the pilot be grumpy about having a severely nose heavy aircraft?)
- 20. Size the horizontal tail for an aircraft. Lesson 15 slide 11.
- 21. Using Multhopp's method, estimate the fuselage contribution to pitching moment. Or, using the concept of Multhopp, identify the aircraft with a particular Cm contribution.
- 22. Define reversible and irreversible flight control systems.
- 23. What is the minimal set of controls necessary for pitch and bank angle specification?
- 24. Given a FCS, determine the stick force at a given dynamic pressure and control deflection (with a resulting Ch)





25. Why would a Frise hinge line be a particularly terrible choice for the elevator? See figure below.

- 26. Calculate the elevator control power for a given tail. Lesson 16 slide 9
- 27. Estimate the NP given flight test data (elevator vs CL vs CG)
- 28. How is stability affected by stick fixed and stick free conditions? Which is less stable?



- 31. Why are stick force gradients and stick-speed gradients important? Which are stable?
- 32. Given an aircraft with an unacceptable stick force gradient, what are strategies for improvement? Why would a downspring help? Would a bob-weight help? Why is increasing the SM not a robust method?
- 33. How does stick force per g vary with flight and geometry parameters?
- 34. How can a bob weight assist with stick force per g? Does this require an irreversible FCS?
- 35. Is stalling the tail possible? What would be the aircraft's reaction?
- 36. Why would you expect the horizontal tail to be thinner with more sweep than the main wing?

- 37. Name the primary contributors to directional stability and to directional trim angle.
- 38. Given a fuselage shape, determine the fuselage contribution to C_{n_g} (HW problem + Class; L18p7)
- 39. Given a geometry, determine the rudder control effectiveness. C_{n_s}
- 40. Discuss rudder lock. How can this occur? Find rudder float angle.
- 41. Discuss how dorsal fins and ventral fins can fix common problems in directional control and stability.
- 42. Discuss servo tabs and trim tabs. Calculate the tab angle necessary to trim an aircraft at a particular condition (when given surface and tab control derivatives)
- 43. Define C_L
- 44. Calculate roll damping coefficient $C_{L_{r}}$ for a given wing.
- 45. Calculate dihedral coefficient C_{L_a} for a given wing or surface. Be prepared to do an integral.
- 46. How does the fuselage influence dihedral effect? Power? Why?
- 47. How does wing sweep affect the dihedral effect? Discuss why high wing swept high-speed aircraft with T tails often have anhedral.
- 48. Determine the rudder size necessary to create a specified roll moment.
- 49. Determine the roll control of ailerons of a particular geometry.
- 50. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of ailerons, spoilers, and rudder-dihedral for roll control at various phases of flight (including high speed).