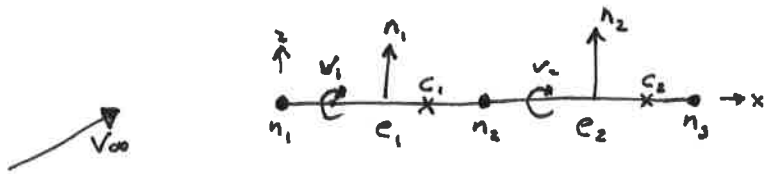


Discrete Vortex Implementation

Misc

5 Oct 2015

Notes on HW3 with 2 element case



$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x & z \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{node}_1 \\ \text{node}_2 \\ \text{node}_3 \end{matrix}, \quad Ele = \begin{bmatrix} n_1 & n_2 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \end{matrix}, \quad \text{Normal} = \begin{bmatrix} n_1 & n_2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0 \\ 1.25 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0.75 & 0 \\ 1.75 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_{\Gamma} = \frac{\Gamma}{2\pi} \frac{(z-z')\hat{x} - (x-x')\hat{z}}{(x-x')^2 + (z-z')^2}$$

r' is Γ location
 r is velocity location

BCs

at C_1 :

$$V \cdot n = 0 \text{ at } C_1$$

$$V = (V_{\infty} \cos \alpha \hat{x} + V_{\infty} \sin \alpha \hat{z} + \sum V_{\Gamma}) \cdot \hat{n}_1 \quad \text{Generic}$$

$$= V_{\infty} \sin \alpha + \frac{-\Gamma_1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{x_{c1} - x_{v1}} + \frac{-\Gamma_2}{2\pi} \frac{1}{x_{c1} - x_{v2}}$$

Particular V_{Γ} for flat of
Same for C_2

$$AIC = \frac{1}{2\pi} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{x_{c1} - x_{v1}} & \frac{1}{x_{c1} - x_{v2}} \\ \frac{1}{x_{c2} - x_{v1}} & \frac{1}{x_{c2} - x_{v2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_1 \\ \Gamma_2 \end{pmatrix} = V_{\infty} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AIC = \frac{1}{2\pi} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{.5} & \frac{1}{-.5} \\ \frac{1}{1.5} & \frac{1}{.5} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ \frac{2}{3} & 2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow AIC^{-1} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -\frac{2}{3} & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

$4 + \frac{4}{3}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_1 \\ \Gamma_2 \end{pmatrix} = AIC^{-1} V_{\infty} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix} 2\pi = V_{\infty} \sin \alpha \begin{pmatrix} \frac{6}{8} \\ \frac{2}{8} \end{pmatrix} 2\pi \Rightarrow \Gamma_{\text{total}} = V_{\infty} \sin \alpha$$

$L = pV_{\infty} = pV_{\infty}^2 \sin \alpha 2\pi$

$$C_L = \frac{L}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 c} = \frac{\rho V_\infty^2 \sin \alpha}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 2} = \sin \alpha \cdot 2\pi$$

Also:

$$C_p = \frac{p - p_\infty}{q} \quad \text{with } B' \quad p = p_\infty + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_\infty^2 - \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \rho V_\infty^2 - \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V_\infty^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{V}{V_\infty}\right)^2$$

What is V at collocation points?

$$V_i = V_\infty \cos \alpha \hat{x} + V_\infty \sin \alpha \hat{z} + V_\Gamma$$

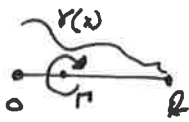
well, we know $V \cdot n = 0$, thus we could eliminate those terms.
or, just plug into the above.

$$= V_\infty \sin \alpha + \frac{\Gamma_i}{2\pi} \left(\frac{z - z_i}{(x - x_i)^2} \right)$$

No change in Velocity!?!
No C_p variation?!?
This is a problem.

Distribute Γ over element

$$\Gamma = \int_0^l \gamma \, dl$$



$$\Rightarrow \gamma \approx \frac{\Gamma}{l}$$

From TAT derivation, $C_p = 2 \frac{\gamma}{V_\infty}$

Given an average pressure, compute total force

$$F = q \cdot C_p \cdot l \hat{n} = q \cdot 2 \frac{\gamma}{V_\infty} \cdot l \hat{n} = q \cdot 2 \frac{\Gamma}{l} \frac{1}{V_\infty} l \hat{n}$$

Force ~~in~~ in z direction ~~expression~~

$$Z_{ii} = F \cdot \hat{z} \quad C_{L2} = \frac{Z_{ii}}{q c} = \frac{2 \Gamma_i n_{z_i}}{V_\infty q c}$$

For our HW example case

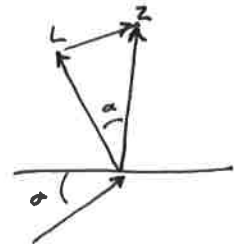
$$C_2 = \frac{2 \frac{6}{8} 2\pi V_{\infty} \sin \alpha}{V_{\infty} g 2} + \frac{2 \frac{2}{8} 2\pi V_{\infty} \sin \alpha}{V_{\infty} g 2}$$

$$= 2\pi \sin \alpha$$

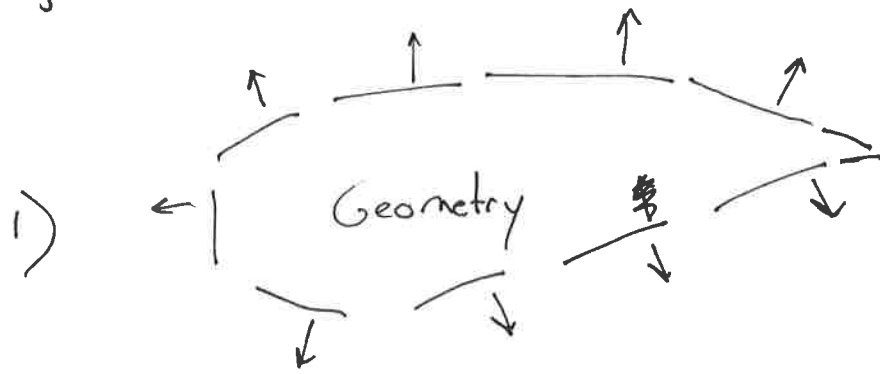
$$C_e = C_2 \cos \alpha \quad | \text{ when } \alpha \approx 0$$

$$C_e = 2\pi \sin \alpha$$

$$C_m = F \cdot \text{distance}$$



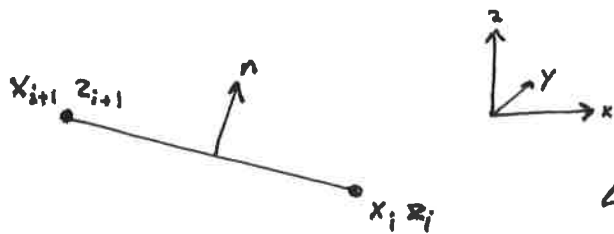
Challenges



2) $AIC \rightarrow AIC^{-1}$

3) $C_p \rightarrow \int C_p$

Find the normal



$$\Delta X = (x_{i+1} - x_i) \hat{x} + (z_{i+1} - z_i) \hat{z}$$

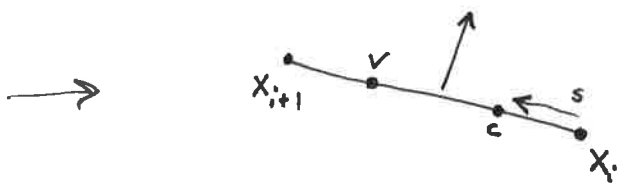
$$n = -\Delta X \times \hat{y}$$

$$n = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ x_i - x_{i+1} & 0 & z_i - z_{i+1} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -(z_i - z_{i+1}) \hat{x} + (x_i - x_{i+1}) \hat{z}$$

$$= (z_{i+1} - z_i) \hat{x} + (x_i - x_{i+1}) \hat{z}$$

Find V and C



$$V = x_i + \frac{x_{i+1} - x_i}{1} \cdot 0.75$$

$$C = \underbrace{\hspace{10em}} \cdot 0.25$$

