GES 554

Lesson 13

Wave Equations in Finite Domains

Wave Equation on finite domains.

UH = c2Uxx OCXLL

$$x(0) = 0$$
 $U(x,0) = f(x)$ $x(L) = 0$ $U_{+}(x,0) = g(x)$

Separation of Vars.

Collect terms

$$\frac{T_{++}}{c^2T} = \frac{X_{xx}}{X} = -\lambda^2$$

Separated PDES

$$T_{H} + c^{2}\lambda^{2}T = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T = A_{cos}c\lambda t + B_{sin}c\lambda t$$

$$X = A_{cos}\lambda x + B_{sin}\lambda x$$

Apply BCs.

$$X(0) = 0 = A_2 \cos \theta' + B_2 \sin \theta' \Rightarrow A_2 = 0$$

 $X(L) = 0 = B_2 \sin \lambda L \Rightarrow \lambda L = n \pi$

General Solution

Apply ICs f(x)

U(x,0) = an sin all x cos entro + bn sin all x sin cont + = f(x)

Integrate (and by sin all x) to find f(x) towns.

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} a_{n} \sin^{2} \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx \Rightarrow a_{n} = \frac{2}{L} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx$$

Alternative View

Add these

Rearrange

$$sin A cos B = \frac{1}{2} sin (A+B) + \frac{1}{2} sin (A-B)$$

What if
$$A = nTx$$
 and $B = cnTt$

$$\frac{\sin n\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{cn\pi t}{L} = \frac{1}{2} \sin \left(\frac{n\pi}{L} (x+c+) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin \left(\frac{n\pi}{L} (x-c+) \right)$$

- a) Recognize this ??!
- A) Left and Right running traveling waves!

Standing waves are composed at traveling waves that cancel at nodes.

$$U_{+}(x, \delta) = g(x) = -\sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(a_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{n\pi}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} + \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \left(b_{n} < \frac{$$

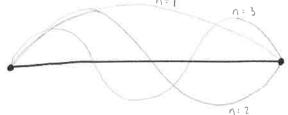
Generic Soln

$$U(x_{i}t) = \left(\frac{2}{L}\int_{0}^{L}f(x)\sin\frac{n\pi}{L}x\,dx\right)\sin\frac{n\pi}{L}x\cos\frac{n\pi}{L}t$$

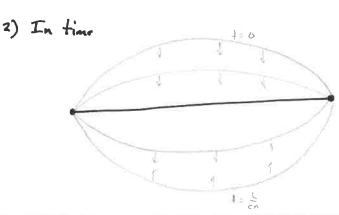
$$+\left(\frac{2}{cn\pi}\int_{0}^{L}g(x)\sin\frac{n\pi}{L}x\,dx\right)\sin\frac{n\pi}{L}x\sin\frac{n\pi}{L}t$$

Harmonic

1) In space



Standing Wave



$$U(x,0) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{L}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sin\left(3\pi\frac{x}{L}\right)$$

$$n=3$$

Only IC for displacement.

$$U(x,t) = \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{\pi t}{L} + \frac{1}{2} \sin \left(\frac{3\pi x}{L}\right) \cos \left(\frac{3\pi x}{L}\right)$$

L20 P2

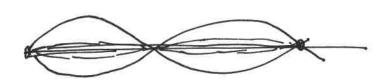
$$U_{+}(x,0) = \sin\left(3\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)$$

$$n=3$$

Only IC for velocity.

$$U(x_1+) = \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{L}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3\pi a}{L}\right) \cdot \frac{L}{3\pi a}$$

Watch out for this term! You con't read off an directly from the coefficiend of ICs (for velocity).



$$U(X,0) = \begin{cases} 2h_{K} & 0 \le x \le \frac{1}{2} \\ 2h(1-x) & \frac{1}{2} \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Only displacement IC.

$$b_{n} = \frac{2}{L} \int_{0}^{L} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

$$= 2 \int_{0}^{D.5} 2hx \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx + 2 \int_{0.5}^{L} 2h(1-x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

$$2\int_{0.5}^{1} 2h(1-x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

NT = C

1st term:

$$\frac{5 \ln \frac{n}{2} \pi}{n^2 \pi^2} - \cos \left(\frac{n \pi}{2} \right)$$

+
$$n\pi\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$
 + $2\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$ - $\sin\left(n\pi\right)$

$$2n^2\pi^2$$

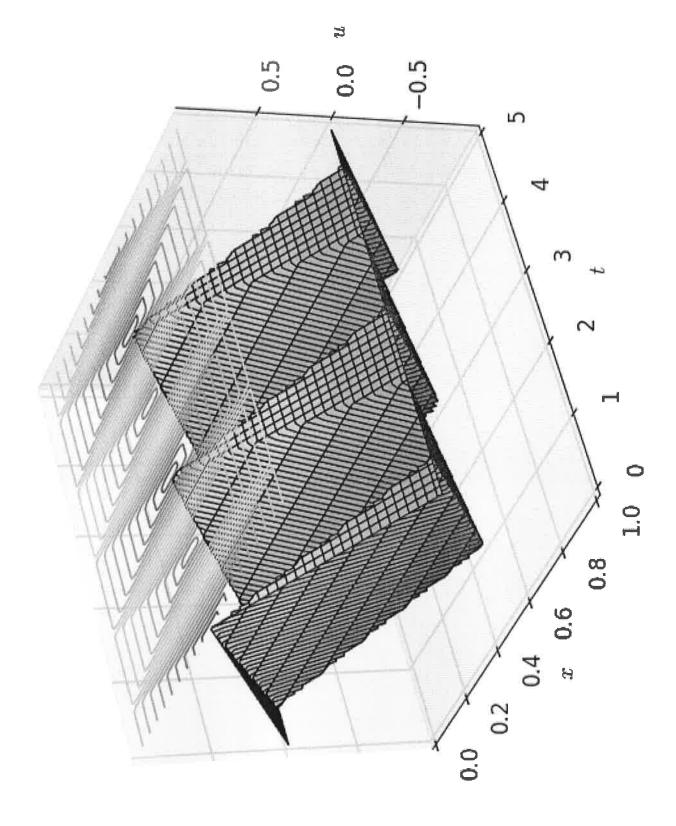
$$n=1$$
 $\frac{1}{\pi^2} - 0 + 0 + \frac{2}{2\pi^2} = \frac{1}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{\pi^2} = \frac{2}{\pi^2}$

$$n=2 \qquad 0 - \frac{(-1)}{4\pi} + 2\pi (-1) + 0 = \frac{1}{4\pi} - \frac{1}{4\pi} = 0$$

$$n=3 \frac{-1}{9\pi^2} - O + 3\pi^2 \frac{-1}{4\cdot 9\pi^2} = -\frac{2}{9\pi^2}$$

$$n=4$$
 0 - $\frac{1}{2\cdot 4\cdot \pi}$ + $\frac{4\pi}{1}$ + 0 = 0

n=5



Vibrating Beams.

We already visited this topic during the project/labdemo.

Sepot Vars.

- · Harmonic time terms T(t) = A cost+ B sin +
- · 4 spatial terms X(x) = A sin x + B cos x + C sinh x + D coshx

BLs.



Each BC pair gives a different set of eigenvalues.